Applicant: Shunpei Yamazaki Attorney's Docket No.: 12732-081001 / US5299

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## **REMARKS**

Claims 1-23 are pending with claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20 being independent. Claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20 have been amended. No new matter has been added.

Independent claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20 and dependent claims 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 19, 22, and 23 have been rejected as being unpatentable over Yamazaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,952,708) in view of Codama (U.S. Patent No. 6,037,712).

Claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20 as amended, recite a light emitting device that includes a light emitting element or a plurality of light emitting elements, each having an anode and a cathode, a third insulating layer, and partition layers "wherein said partition layers are directly in contact with said third insulating layer and either said anode or said cathode" (emphasis added). Applicant requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20, and their dependent claims, because neither Yamazaki, Codama, nor any combination of the two describes or suggests the claimed anode/cathode and partition layer structure.

Yamazaki describes a structure for a pixel portion of a display which may be used in displays that use EL elements. However, as the Examiner admits, Yamazaki does not describe or suggest the structure or configuration of the EL elements. Codama describes an EL display device that includes a first transparent electrode 2, which the Examiner equates to the anode, a spacer 4 and photosensitive film 5, which the Examiner equates to the partition layers, and a second electrode 7, which the Examiner equates to the cathode. The spacer 4 and the photosensitive film 5 are processed to form an overhanging structure over insulating films 3 covering the first transparent electrode 2, as shown in Fig. 1B and discussed at col. 5, lines 1-10. The overhanging structure allows the organic EL film 6 and the second electrode 7 to be formed with improved uniformity (col. 5, lines 12-20). However, as shown in Fig. 1B, this overhanging structure results in neither the spacer 4 nor the photosensitive layer 5 being directly in contact with the first transparent electrode 2 or the second electrode 7. Rather, spacers 4 are directly in contact with insulating films 3. Accordingly, the combination of Yamazaki and Codama fails to describe or suggest the claimed partition layer and anode/cathode structure.

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For at least these reasons, applicant requests withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, and 20 and the claims that depend from them.

Dependent claims 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, and 21, which depend from independent claims 1, 4, 10, 13, 16, and 20, respectively, have been rejected as being unpatentable over Yamazaki in view of Codama and Jones (U.S. Patent No. 6,069,443). Jones does not remedy the failure of Yamazaki and Codama to describe or suggest the claimed partition layer and anode/cathode structure. Accordingly, applicant requests reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of claims 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, and 21 for at least the reasons discussed above with respect to the independent claims.

Applicant submits that all claims are in condition for allowance.

Enclosed is a \$770 check for the RCE fee and a \$110 check for the Petition of Time Fee.

Please apply any other charges or credits to deposit account 06-1050.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 5/13/2007

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